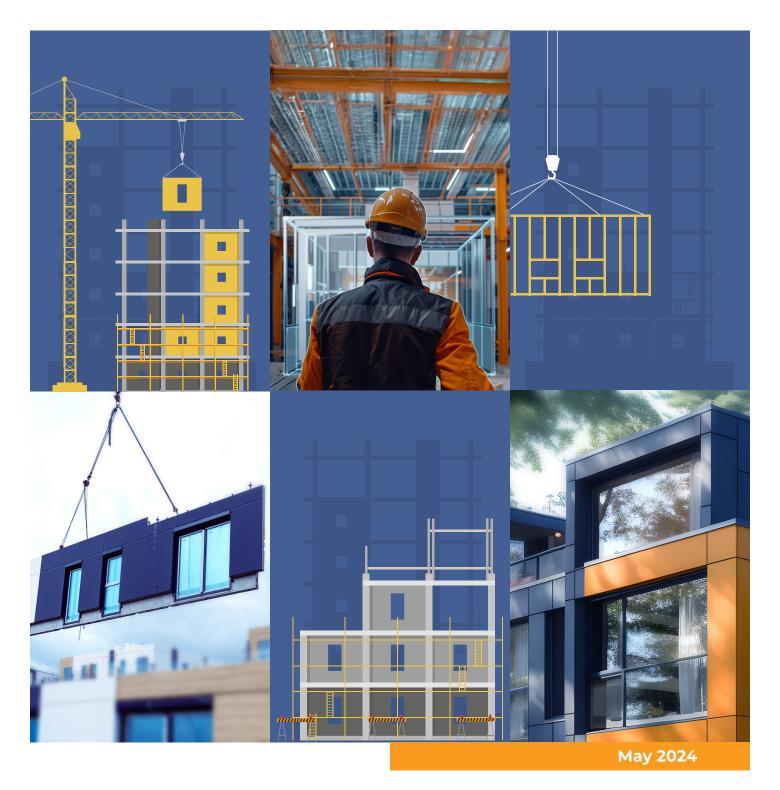
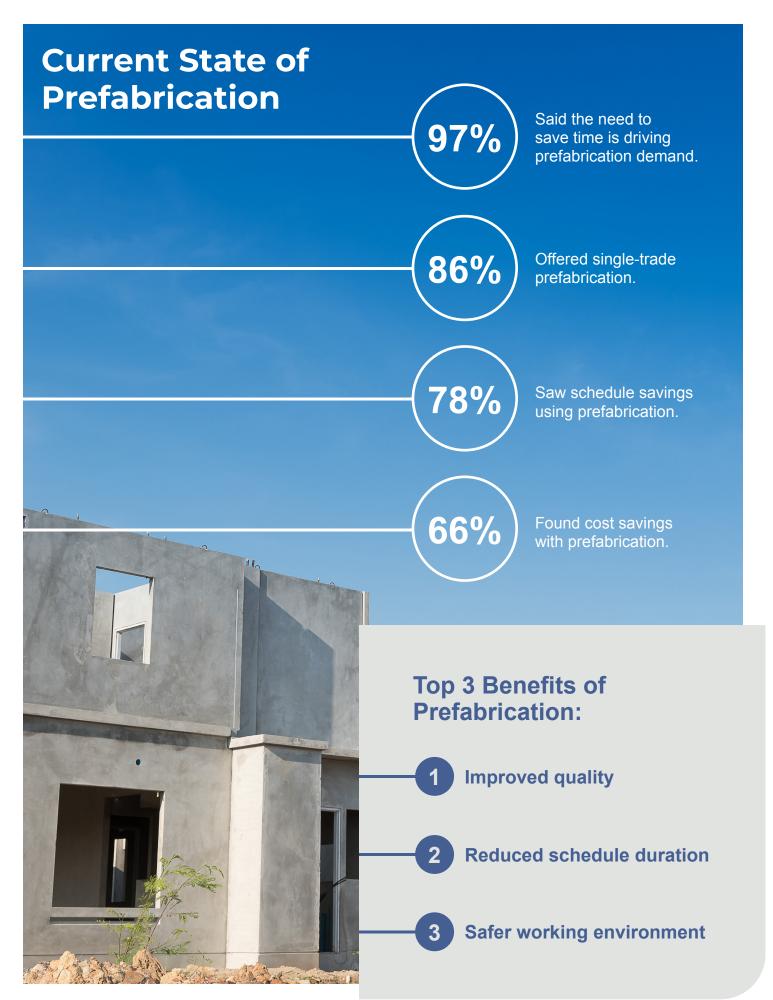


# 2024 FMI LABOR PRODUCTIVITY STUDY PART 2: PREFABRICATION





## Growing Prefabrication: What's in the Way?

By Michael Keller and Tyler Paré

Labor productivity is the central economic engine that drives profitability for labor-intensive, self-performing contractors. FMI's <u>2023 Labor Productivity Study</u> found that contractors experienced approximately \$30 billion to \$40 billion in lost profits due to labor inefficiencies in 2022.

When talking about field labor productivity and producing more output with less input, the concepts of off-site construction and prefabrication are invariably part of the conversation. In our research, we sought to understand how labor-intensive firms are incorporating these industrialized construction concepts into their business models to address internal and external challenges impacting labor productivity.

While prefabrication has been around for many years and has increasingly gained popularity in addressing some of the structural challenges in our industry, the business experience for contractors has been mixed. Integrating construction and manufacturing operating models is a significant challenge, as is generating enough throughput to justify capital investments in prefabrication capabilities.

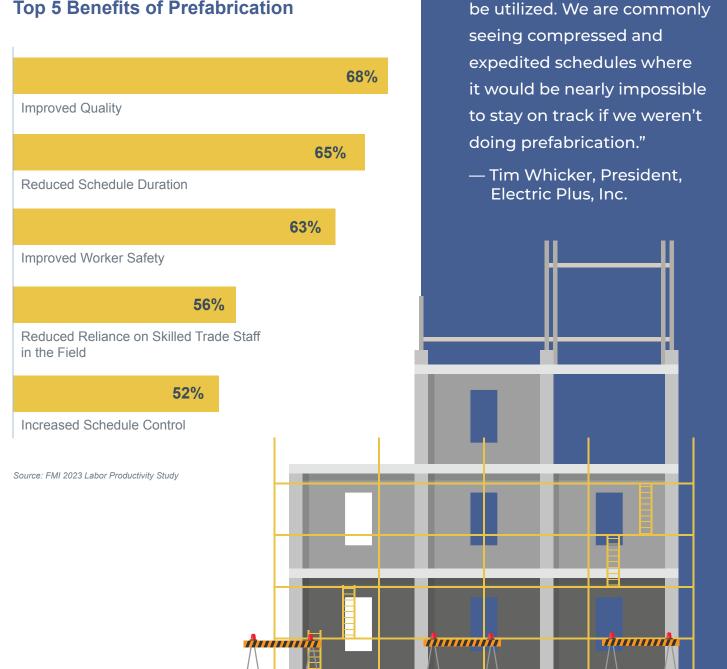
Prefabrication is commonplace for contractors in industrial and manufacturing environments in which owners know what they want; quality, safety and schedule are prioritized; and design is driven by function and practicality. In other market segments, adoption of prefabrication has been slower. However, given the long-term craft labor trends in our industry, we anticipate seeing more receptivity to and consideration of prefabrication methods going forward.

Our recent research mirrors this prediction, with respondents indicating that they expect prefabrication to increase by 100% or more over the next five years. Currently, participants in our study are spending 16% of their craft labor hours in prefabrication — but in five years they anticipate that figure increasing to 34% (**Exhibit 1**).



The benefits of prefabrication are clear. Controlled prefabrication environments enable better safety, higher quality and improved schedule durations. Prefabrication allows for building components to be assembled in advance, enabling contractors to get a head start on scope elements, which is particularly advantageous in the context of compressed delivery schedules. Additionally, depending on the trade and scope, contractors can often utilize less skilled labor for repeatable assembly tasks, creating wage and cost advantages.

## Exhibit 2: Top 5 Benefits of Prefabrication

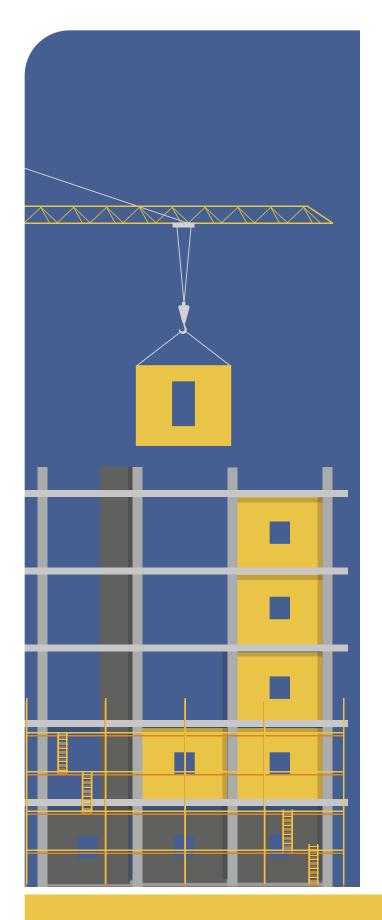


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"Sophisticated owners and

expecting prefabrication to

GCs [general contractors] are



#### Implementing Prefabrication at Scale

Not surprisingly, then, few question whether preconstruction is a good idea. Rather, the rub for contractors has been determining how to do it at scale, profitably and in a way that is accretive to company earnings.

We often hear from contractors who feel they must grow their prefabrication capabilities to improve their productivity, meet client demands and remain competitive, but many don't have substantive plans or strategies for getting started. Putting in place successful prefabrication practices requires long-term strategic thinking and planning across the organization, from the development of a comprehensive operational strategy to deliberate implementation.

In this publication, we explore key challenges and strategic considerations for business owners looking to avoid the pitfalls associated with growing prefabrication capabilities. We touch on key findings from our research, including:

- The use of prefabrication methods is increasing mostly due to lack of qualified labor and compressed project schedules.
- Key challenges associated with the adoption of prefabrication methods revolve around people and culture, quality of design documents, financial commitments and collaboration among project stakeholders.
- Survey respondents plan to double the number of hours spent in prefabrication on their projects over the next five years.
- Making prefabrication work requires a shift in thinking on how to operate the business.
- The earlier in the process owners and designers make decisions about design and about trade contractors to use, the more prefabrication can be utilized.

Putting in place successful prefabrication practices requires longterm strategic thinking and planning across the organization.

#### Exhibit 3:

### What Types of Prefabrication Services Are You Providing?

86%

Single-Trade Prefabrication Services

49%

Kitting Services

42%

Multi-Trade Prefabrication Services

32%

Procurement of Prefabrication Assemblies From Third Parties

23%

Full Modular Prefabrication Services

Source: FMI 2023 Labor Productivity Study

#### Missing the Mark

Prefabrication is in vogue. There are endless studies and papers on how it's going to revolutionize construction, yet most of the market is still waiting for evolution, much less revolution. Many contractors have attempted to launch new or augment existing prefabrication capabilities because of the real or perceived benefits and advantages — but few have figured out how to do it well and make money at it consistently.

Contractors often lack a clear vision of what they want their prefabrication capabilities to become and a strategy for how to get there. To make prefabrication work, they need intentionality in change management for shifting the organization's operating model, processes and systems, mindsets and behaviors, and culture to facilitate their company's adoption of prefabrication.

The biggest benefit of prefabrication is "reducing the risk and variability," says Chris McPherson, president, Central Ceilings, a framing and drywall contractor in New England. "At the end of the day, labor is the biggest variable in our business, and to be able to even out the flow of work and to have a more predictable cost is probably the single biggest driver."

#### **Different Approaches**

To successfully adopt prefabrication processes, contractors need to adapt their enterprise strategies and business models. It's important to understand that prefabrication is not a singular, one-dimensional solution; on the contrary, there are several different models and combinations thereof (Exhibit 3).



#### Manufacturing

Different approaches come with different investment perspectives and risk profiles. Off-site, single-trade prefabrication, the most common approach identified in our research, behaves like a manufacturing business, with a much different economic model than construction. The success of a manufacturing business relies on steady demand, predictable throughput and high volume. In a combined construction and manufacturing business, the workflow is often inconsistent.

Prefabrication is not ideal for all project types and delivery methods. Contractors need enough of the right kind of work to drive prefabrication volume to make the overall strategy successful.

The key, according to McPherson, is assembling the entire team on-site to talk through which framing and drywall elements will be prefabricated and how they will be implemented in the building assembly. "It has to have group buy-in. If we're involved earlier and treated in a more receptive environment, we can definitely do way more."

#### **Strategic Considerations for** Successful Prefabrication

Contractors need to consider the following strategic questions when developing a plan for augmenting their prefabrication capabilities:

- Why do we want to do more prefabrication?
- What is the total addressable portion of our work mix (today) that could be prefabricated?
- What investments would need to be made to scale our prefabrication capabilities to capture that opportunity?
- When fully optimized, what does the earnings stream from prefabrication look like?
- What does the return on investment look like for the enterprise?
- Do we have alternative investment options for other initiatives in the business? How do those options stack up against our prefabrication ambitions?
- Taking a step back, will this make us a better, more profitable, more resilient business?



If your current addressable opportunity is insufficient but you are committed to doing more prefabrication long-term (because of convictions around long-term trends in the industry, labor shortages or otherwise), how can you strategically manufacture prefabrication opportunities?

#### Ask yourself:

- Which market segments, clients and delivery methods lend themselves to substantive prefabrication opportunities?
- How do we grow market share in these spaces or penetrate new spaces we might not currently be in?
- What are the investments, returns on investments and payback periods associated with these strategic decisions?

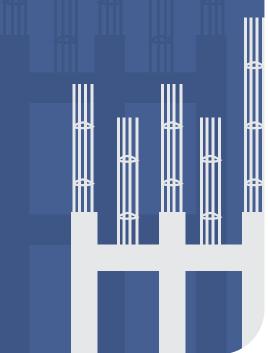
After understanding the commerical opportunity, firms must examine how they will adapt their operating models to successfully execute a prefabrication strategy. Executives need to evolve how they think about their organizational structure, operating processes, financial management and risk management. Running both a construction business and a manufacturing business simultaneously requires you to think through:

- Will prefabrication be a unique business unit or a separate entity altogether?
- Will we prefabricate for other contractors (third-party) to increase throughput?
- Do we intend prefabrication to be a profit generator or cost center?
- Will the project team have separate contracts with the prefabrication function or will job costs be combined?
- Can the prefabrication team say no to the construction function?Can construction say no to the prefabrication team?
- Where do responsibilities for estimating, procurement, design management, logistics and project management reside?
- Will construction projects recognize margin fade when there are cost overruns in the prefabrication shop?
- How will we track prefabrication status from queue to installation?
- How and when will we bill for stored or prefabricated material?
- How will we track labor productivity across prefabrication and field installation?

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"Running a prefabrication shop is different from running a construction company. Having the right people with the right mindset who know how to manage efficiency, capacity and throughput is key."

Tim Whicker, President,
 Electric Plus, Inc.



## What's Driving the Shift Toward Prefabrication Operating Models?

#### **Schedule Compression**

Everyone is feeling the pressure when it comes to project schedules, costs, labor shortages and eroding margins. In today's fast-paced business environment, these time savings can become a key competitive differentiator.

As an example, Whicker mentions a recent casino and hotel project that used 25% less labor in the field and cut nearly two months off installation time using prefabrication methods.

Stephen Borrelli, president, All-Brite Electric, a Connecticut-based electrical contractor, says implementing prefabrication practices helps them keep projects on schedule and make up time when there are delays in other areas.

Case in point: On a recent precast dormitory project, Borrelli's team encountered issues getting the building watertight, and the electrical installation was delayed. By having all of the electrical boxes for the rooms ready to install, they were able to make up time and keep the overall project on schedule.

Exhibit 4: Schedule Savings With Prefabrication

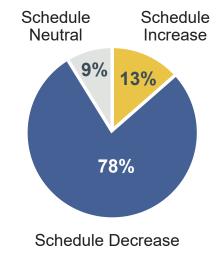


Exhibit 5: **Schedule Savings With** Prefabrication, per **Contractor Type** Framing and Drywall Contractors 17% Other Specialty Trade Contractors 10% **MEP Contractors** 10% Self-Performing General Contractors **Civil Contractors** 1% **Concrete Contractors** Source: FMI 2023 Labor Productivity Study

Source: FMI 2023 Labor Productivity Study

#### Exhibit 6:

### What Is Driving Demand for Prefabrication?

97%

Pressure on project schedules/need to save on on-site execution time

82%

Lack of skilled labor necessary to execute in the field

69%

Competitive pressure on pricing/need to reduce input costs

18%

Owner-specific requests for prefabrication

10%

Specified in design by architects/engineers

Source: FMI 2023 Labor Productivity Study

## Lack of Qualified Labor (and Related Quality Issues)

FMI's 2023 Labor Productivity Study confirmed the well-documented trend of decreased craft labor availability, with 63% of respondents citing a lack of qualified craft labor as a top factor negatively impacting productivity in their organization.

By employing prefabrication practices, contractors can reduce the amount of craft labor needed on job sites by moving less productive assembly hours away from the field and into controlled environments — thus improving safety, productivity, quality and control over the final product while also decreasing risk and the demand for on-site labor.

Clearly, owners and designers are less likely to require prefabrication. For the industry to realize substantial gains in prefabrication and productivity, owners and designers need to be a bigger part of the demand equation.



#### Exhibit 7:

What Are the Biggest
Challenges to Implementing
Prefabrication?



**Design and Coordination** 



Stakeholder Awareness and Education



Mindset and Culture



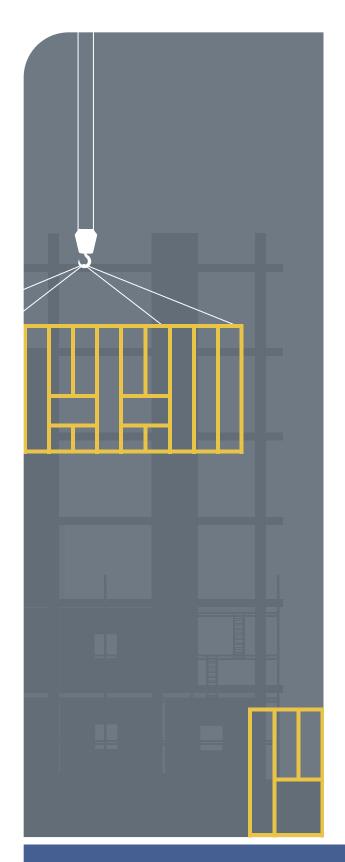
**Upfront Investment** 

Source: FMI 2023 Labor Productivity Study

#### **Challenges in Adopting Prefabrication**

Reinventing your business model to adopt prefabrication capabilities is a tall task. It takes focus and perseverance to shift process, mindsets and expectations, both internally and externally. When asked what needs to change to increase the adoption of prefabrication, our research uncovered four main areas.

- Design and coordination. The industry is plagued by poor design documents something that was highlighted in the first part of our study and one of the biggest challenges to implementing prefabrication processes. Owners and designers must incorporate prefabrication considerations into their design development efforts and engage contractor partners early in the design process to optimize the potential for prefabrication.
- Stakeholder awareness and education. Trade contractors successful at using prefabrication are working directly with designers and owners to build relationships and provide education, outside the context of active project pursuits, on the potential value that prefabrication can bring to their projects. By helping drive adoption of prefabrication strategies, these contractors are also likely to win more prefabrication-enabled work opportunities, making the time and investment pay dividends in the long run.
- Mindset and culture. Executives can say they want to do more prefabrication and set lofty goals for its adoption, but they must bring their entire organization along with them. Educating the workforce, from senior managers to field staff, on the benefits of prefabrication and how adopting these practices can improve the business and the work experience for everyone is a critical, often underestimated aspect of the change management effort needed to increase prefabrication.
- Investments in facilities and equipment. Augmenting prefabrication capabilities can be a capital-intensive endeavor, including investments in prefabrication facilities, equipment, leadership, staff and technology. Without clarity on the long-term demand potential, these investments are often difficult. When teams engage in deep strategic thinking and intentional planning, they can build the confidence and clarity executives need to underwrite investments in prefabrication.



#### **Growing Prefabrication**

While prefabrication is not a new concept, our findings show that the industry is still struggling with broad adoption. And given current and projected labor force challenges, it's clear that prefabrication will need to become part of the solution. As noted previously, to make this happen contractors will need to shift their business models and strategies.

Zooming out, to successfully augment prefabrication capabilities, teams need to demonstrate or attain:

A bold shared vision for what the organization can and will achieve.

**Strategic planning** to clearly frame the addressable opportunity and efforts required.

A commitment to investing responsibly in facilities and resources that enable long-term growth.

Willingness to embrace new and different models for structure, roles and processes.

Consistent communication across the organization to educate and create buy-in around the strategy, as well as to solicit and embrace feedback for calibrating it.

Proactive engagement with external stakeholders to strengthen collaboration toward prefabrication opportunities on specific projects or across building programs.

To <u>learn more</u> about the findings in this study and how industry firms are achieving success with their prefabrication strategies, please reach out to one of our professionals. We are happy to discuss your specific circumstances and ambitions.

#### RESEARCH TEAM AND AUTHORS



**Michael Keller** focuses on providing expert guidance on strategic planning, productivity and operational excellence. He helps organizations recognize maximum operational potential and find data-driven, proactive solutions to complex problems.

Before FMI, Michael spent several years in commercial construction project management, completing projects ranging from minor tenant improvements to large health care projects.

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**Tyler Paré** leads FMI's Performance practice, which helps contractors optimize profitability and manage risks. His team focuses on the major performance drivers for contractor organizations — operations, risk management, compensation and technology — helping client organizations secure and execute work profitably, pay and incentivize people effectively, and collaborate and share information efficiently.

As a consultant with FMI, Tyler leverages his construction experience and business knowledge to assist contractor clients in implementing work acquisition and project execution best practices in support of competitive strategy.

Tyler also facilitates contractor executive peer groups, which bring construction industry leaders together to collaborate and learn from each other.

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**Jake Howlett** is an analyst in FMI's performance practice where he focuses on facilitating data analytics processes for client deliverables and internal projects. His expertise is in front-end analysis and backend data process development.

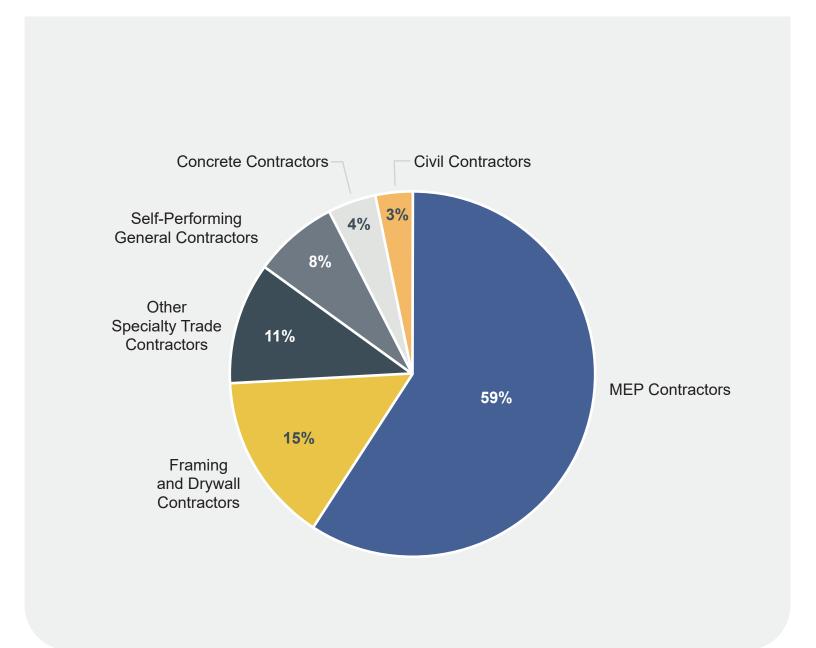
While obtaining his masters degree he engaged in data consulting projects as part of capstone projects. Jake also comes from a construction background, working for his family construction contractoring business in the private wellness, pool and spa industry.

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Survey Methodology

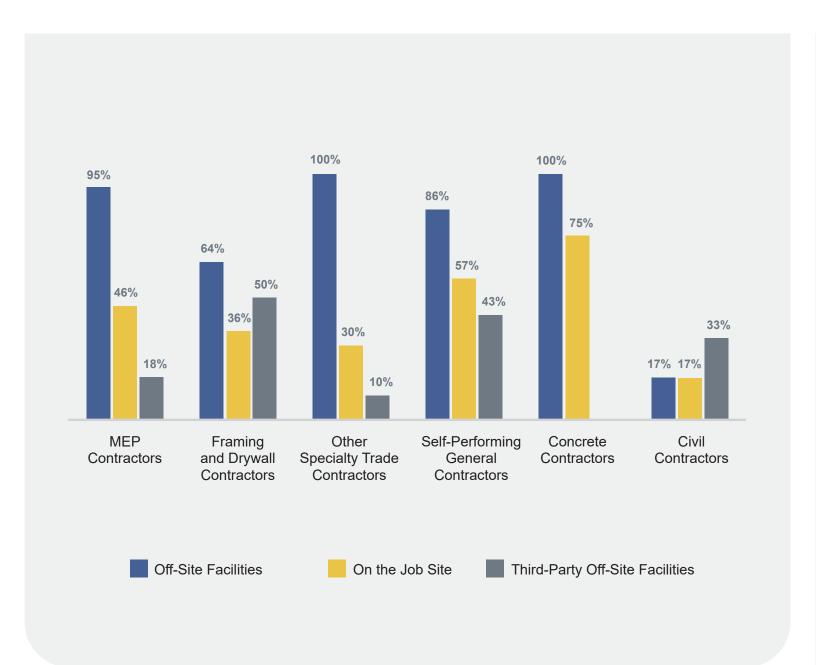
# Participating Contractors





Survey Methodology

# Where Are You Prefabricating?





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Tampa 4300 W. Cypress Street Suite 950 Tampa, FL 33607 813.636.1364 FMI is a leading consulting and investment banking firm dedicated to serving companies working within the built environment. Our professionals are industry insiders who understand your operating environment, challenges and opportunities. FMI's sector expertise and broad range of solutions help our clients discover value drivers, build resilient teams, streamline operations, grow with confidence and sell with optimal results.